

Lawsuit Against Landlord for Removing Landlord's Property

You can use this form for filing suit in justice court, also called justice of the peace or JP court. If a landlord improperly removes a door, window, appliance, lock, doorknob, furniture you are entitled to actual damages, one month's rent plus \$1,000, attorney fees and court costs. Justice court has a jurisdictional limit of \$20,000 and is sometimes more friendly to landlords because JP courts hear evictions in their courts frequently. But, it is easier to represent yourself in justice court, cheaper to file the suit and you get to trial much quicker than in other courts. See Sue Your Landlord to learn how to file suit and try the case in justice court.

How to fill in the blanks in the form:

1. The first blank at the top of the form is the **Case Number**. When you file the case, the court clerk will assign a number to the case and write that number at the top. You do not need to fill that blank in before filing the case.
2. On the right side at the top is the court information. Put the **County** you are filing suit in the blank and put which **Precinct** and **Place** of the justice court you are filing the suit in (e.g., Precinct 1, Place 2, Dallas County, Texas).

Each county often has more than one JP court, so the county is divided into two or more precincts. The easiest way to find out your precinct is to call one of them nearby and tell them the address of the property you are leasing. The court clerk will then tell you which precinct the property is in. For precincts with large populations, more than one JP court is assigned to a precinct. In these precincts, each JP court is assigned a different "Place number." You are allowed to file the case in any "Place" in your precinct. If there is more than one JP court in your precinct, pick the court that is easy to get to, or the one that is friendliest to tenants.

3. Since you are bringing the suit first, **you are the Plaintiff**. Put your name in the blank for Plaintiff on the left side, and again in the Parties section of the form petition.
4. The **landlord is the Defendant**. This is probably not the manager of the property. It is best to sue the owner of the property. You have a right to know the name and address of the owner of the property. See Who owns the property? for details on obtaining this information. Often a business entity owns the property (like a corporation, or a limited partnership). If the owner is a business entity, list the entity as the Defendant in the suit and put the name in the blank for Defendant at the top and in the Parties section of the form petition.
5. Fill in the **address of the Defendant** in the Parties section of the form petition. This is the address that a constable will go to serve the Defendant with court papers. So, try to get the correct address and completely list it. The easier it is for the constable to serve the court papers, the faster your case will be heard. You are entitled to know the address of the owner of the property. As we stated above, it is best to sue the owner of the property.
6. The last blank in the body of the form petition is a **listing of the property that was wrongfully taken**. Be complete about each item removed. You can attach a separate sheet if you need to. It does not matter that you were behind on the rent. It does not matter that the property belonged to the landlord. If the landlord removed a door, window, door lock, doorknob, or other appliance, and it was not removed for a true repair or an emergency, then the landlord broke the law and should pay you for the violation.
7. Sign your name at the bottom. Print your name, complete address, phone number, and email below your signature.
8. Read over the form and make sure it has been filled out completely.
9. Make two copies of the signed form and take them, with the original (3 total) to the justice court for filing. The court will keep the original, keep one copy to serve on the Defendant, and return one to you with a file stamp for your records. For more information on proceeding with the case, see Sue Your Landlord.

NO. _____

(filled in by court)

| | | |
|------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| _____ , |) | IN THE JUSTICE COURT |
| PLAINTIFF (Your Name), |) | |
| vs. |) | |
| |) | PRECINCT ____, PLACE ____ |
| |) | |
| _____ , |) | |
| DEFENDANT (Landlord). |) | _____ COUNTY, TEXAS |

PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL PETITION

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF THE COURT:

Plaintiff files this original petition in the above-styled and numbered cause, and in support, shows the Court as follows:

I. DISCOVERY

1. Plaintiff intends to conduct discovery under Level 1.

II. PARTIES

2. _____, Plaintiff, is a resident of the county of this Court, within Texas.
3. _____, Defendant, may be served at the following address:

_____.

III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. The amount in controversy is within the jurisdictional limits of this Court, and venue is proper as the cause of action arose in the county of this Court within Texas.

IV. FACTS

5. Plaintiff leased premises from Defendant.
6. Defendant removed the following item(s) from the premises: _____
7. Defendant did not remove the item for a bona fide repair, replacement or emergency.

8. Any provision of the lease which purports to waive or diminish Plaintiff's rights is void pursuant to Section 92.0081(j).

V. CAUSE OF ACTION

9. Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for removing item. Pursuant to Section 92.0081(h) of the Texas Property Code, Plaintiff is entitled to one month's rent, a civil penalty of \$1,000, actual damages, and court costs from Defendant.

VI. REQUEST FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff requests this Court grant the following relief:

- a. one month's rent, plus actual damages;
- b. a civil penalty of \$1,000;
- c. court costs; and
- d. any other relief to which Plaintiff is entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

(Your Signature)

(Your Printed Name)

(Your Address)

(Your City, State, Zip)

(Your Phone Number)

(Your Email)